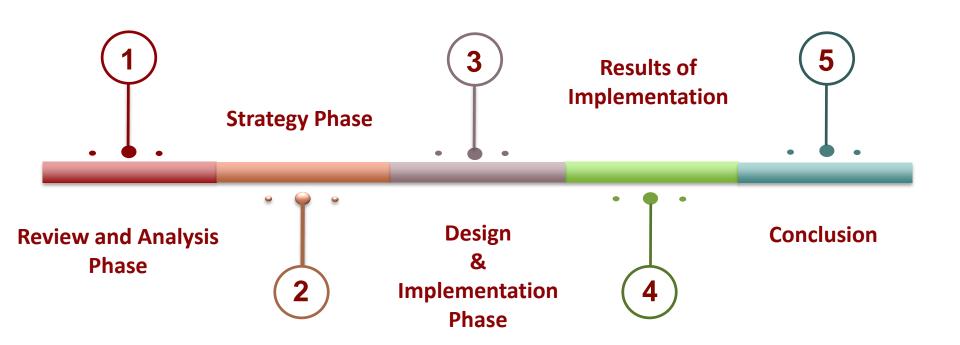


Building Statistical Partnerships with the Business Sector in Abu Dhabi

Presenter: Nouf Al-Zaabi

Contents



Review and Analysis Phase

- 1. The differences between statistical terminologies and the accounting framework applied by the establishments lead to delays in completing the Annual Economic surveys (AES) questionnaire.
- 2. Statistical agencies follow different statistical estimation methodologies and processes for correction of survey data.

One of the best practice to overcome these challenges

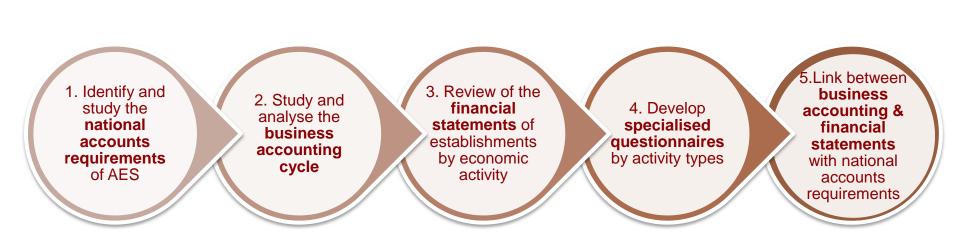
Business Accounting



National Accounting

Strategy Phase (identify objectives)

Improve the quality of data **Reduce costs** Aligning the structure of the business and financial Increase the response rate reports to link it with the requirements of national Shift the data collection method to be electronic instead of the accounts in order to: traditional method **Decrease the margin of error Decrease the timeliness of outputs**



1. Identify and study the national accounts requirements of AES.

2. Study and analyse the business accounting cycle. It was found that the accounting cycle in most establishments have common stages:



Identify the financial operations

Journal

Deportation to ledger

Rationalising accounts

Preparing the trial balance

Preparation of financial statements

3. Review of the financial statements of establishments by economic activity:



The structure of the financial statements is **unified** in most of Abu Dhabi's establishments.





The variation is shown in the components and subheadings for one industry to another.

This has led to **develop** specialised questionnaires by activity types.

4. Develop specialised questionnaires by activity types:



Financial & insurance activities

4



Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles

1



Manufacturing, mining and quarrying, electricity supply, water supply and sewage

3



Information & communication

1



Construction

1



Services

2



Transportation & storage

1

- 5. The linkage between business accounting and financial statements of establishments with national accounts requirements:
 - Determine the **value of production (output)** as one of the key requirements of national accounts. As an example, the following equation was used to calculate the main output of manufacturing establishments:

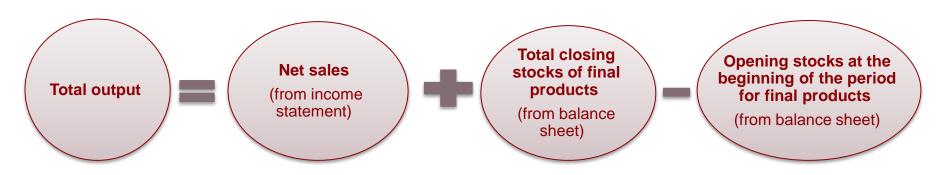


Table 1	Main Revenue	Value in AED
Code	Revenue Type (Specify)	Value
1		
2		
3		
99	Total Main Revenues	

Table 2	Other Revenues	Value in AED
Code	Revenue Type	Value
1	Government subsidies	
2	Rentals of buildings, stores and equipment	
3	Profits from the sale of properties, plants and equipment	
4	Rentals of land	
5	Compensations receipts	
9	Other miscellaneous income; attach a detailed statement.	
99	Total Other Revenues	

Table 3	Financial Revenues	Value in AED
Code	Revenue Type	Value
1	Interest revenues	
2	Dividends received	
3	Profit from differences in foreign currencies	
9	Other miscellaneous Financial Revenues	
99	Total Fiscal Revenues	

Table 4 Cost of Sales		Value in AED	
Code	Item	Value	
1	Compensation of employees		
1.1	Wages, salaries and bonuses in cash		
1.2	Benefits granted to employees/workers		
2	Raw material		
3	Fuel, gas and oils		
4	Water & electricity		
5	Wrapping & packing materials		
6	Buildings rents		
and more	and more		
99	Total Cost of Sales		

Code	ltem	Value
1	Compensation of employees	
1.1	Wages , salaries and bonuses in cash	
1.2	Benefits granted to employees/workers	
2	Fuel, gas and oils	
3	Water & electricity	
4	Buildings rents	
and more	and more	
	Total Congral and Administrative	

Table 5 Operational, Administrative and General Expenses

Expenses

Value in AED

Table 7	Current & Non-Current Assets	S	Value in AED
Code	ltem	Start of financial year	End of financial year
1	Current assets		
1.1	Inventories		
1.1.1	Finished goods		
1.1.2	Products that are not finished / work in progress		
1.1.3	Raw materials		
1.1.9	Other miscellaneous		
1.2	Remaining current assets		
1.99	Total of current assets		
2	Non-Current Assets		
2.1	Fixed Assets*		
2.2	Remaining non-current assets		
2.99	Total of non-current assets		
* The following table must be filled			

Table 9	Current and Non-Current Liabilities		Value in AED
Code	ltem	Start of financial year	End of financial year
1	Current liabilities		
2	Non-current liabilities		
99	Total of liabilities		

Table 10	Owner Equity		Value in AED
Code	ltem	Start of financial year	End of financial year
1	Paid capital		
2	Reserved		
3	Retained earnings		
4	Head office / Home office account for branches		
9	Other miscellaneous		
99	Total Owner Equity		

The results of the implementation were as follows:



1. Improved quality of data.

2. Reduced survey costs.

Coverage	Survey 2011 (Old questionnaire))	Survey 2012 (New questionnaire)
Respondent burden	43.70%	14.90%
Response Rate	91.60%	93.90%
Data collection period	7 months	5 months
Number of enumerators and employees	99	68

3. Shift to e-collection:

AES 2012

- The first year to implement the AES 2012 to e-collection method.
- The value added for the key establishments represented more than 65 % of Abu Dhabi's GDP.

4. Facilitate the work of the process.

AES 2015

The method used full e-collection

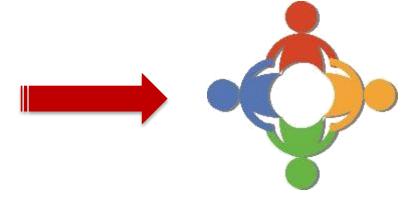
5. Strengthened partnerships with Business Sector:

The signing of a number of

Service Level Agreements (SLA)

with key establishments in the
economy of the Emirate of Abu

Dhabi.



Conclusion

In conclusion, the main outcomes of redesigning:

Strengthen SCAD partnership with the stakeholders by providing credible and high-quality statistics to support decision-makers and other interested users. The production of new statistical indicators contributed to the promotion and construction of the statistical system in the Emirate of Abu Dhabi.





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