

# Estimating population mobility using big data sources – the benefits and the challenges

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#### **Overview**

- Background
- •3 ONS Case studies:
  - Twitter
  - Mobile phone data
  - Google trends
- Benefits and Challenges
- How to manage the challenges

#### Data sources for official statistics

- Surveys eg of businesses and households
- Census every 10 years
- Administrative data by-product of Government process
- Big Data?

'Data that is difficult to collect, store or process within the conventional systems of statistical organizations. Either, their volume, velocity, structure or variety requires the adoption of new statistical software processing techniques and/or IT infrastructure to enable cost-effective insights to be made.'

(UNECE, 2013)

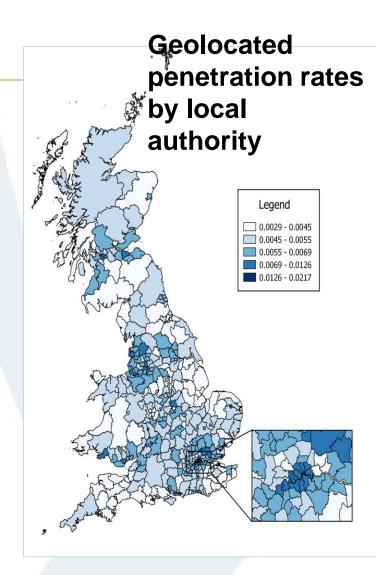
#### **ONS Big Data team**

- Launched in January 2014
- •Our goals:
  - developing an understanding within ONS demonstrating the potential for using big data within official statistics investigating the methodological and technological issues
- Approach: Collaborative working/partnerships and practical pilots

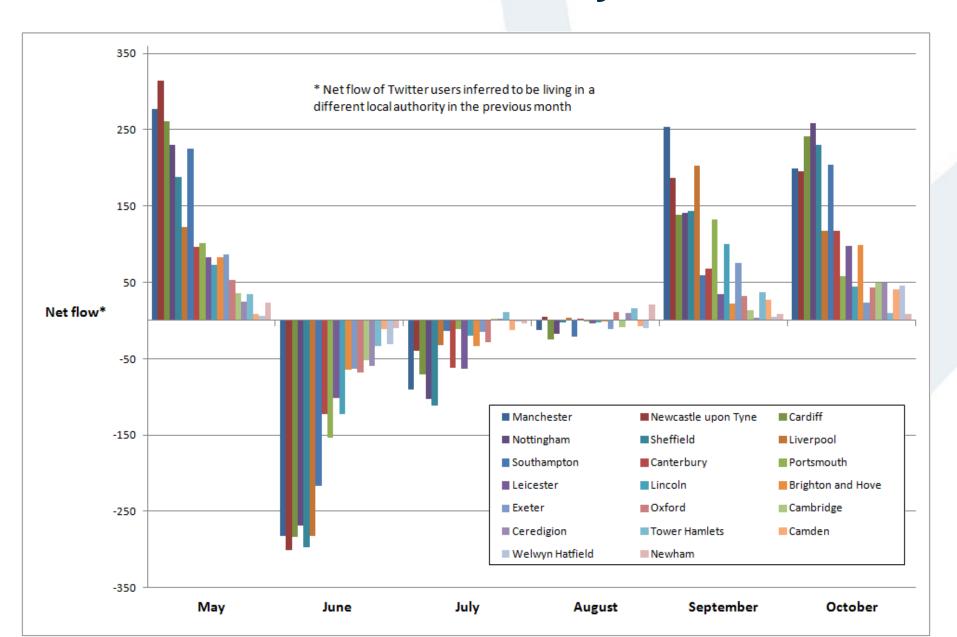
#### **Twitter**

## Rationale: Using geo-located Twitter to gain new insights mobility and migration

- 7 months of geo-located tweets within Great Britain (about 100 million data points)
- Methodology to infer place of usual residence:
  - Identify user 'anchor points' by clustering tweets using a DBSCAN algorithm
  - Identify residential anchor points using AddressBase and nearest neighbour analysis

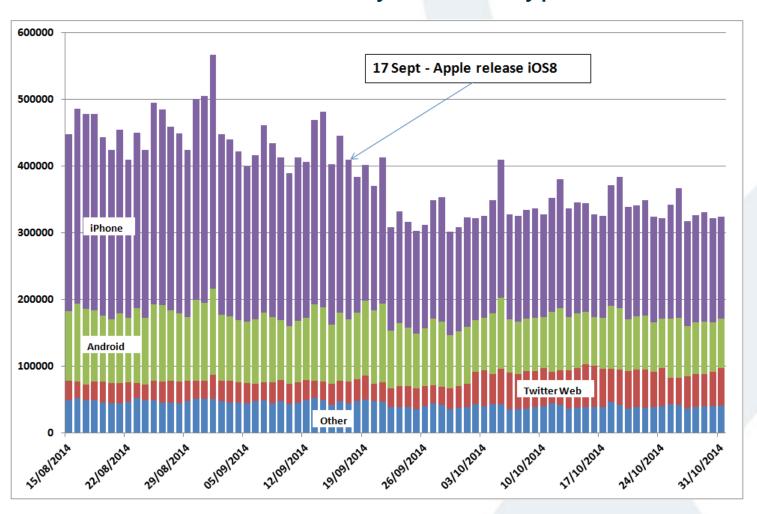


#### **Use case: Student mobility**



#### **Data quality**

#### Geo-located Twitter volumes by Device Type

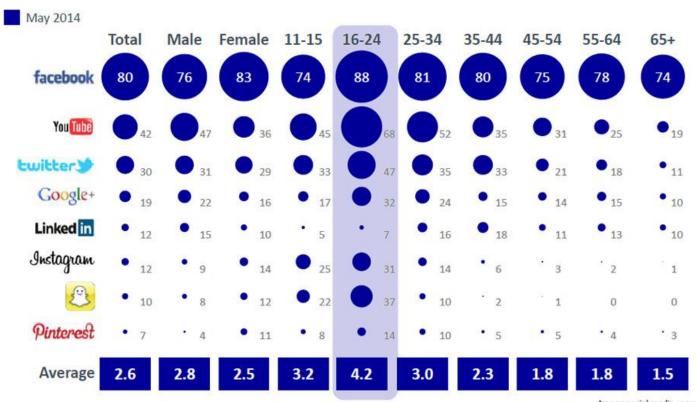


#### Sample bias



#### Active use (last 30 days)

16-24 year olds really stand out in their active use of multiple sites



Among social media users aged 11+

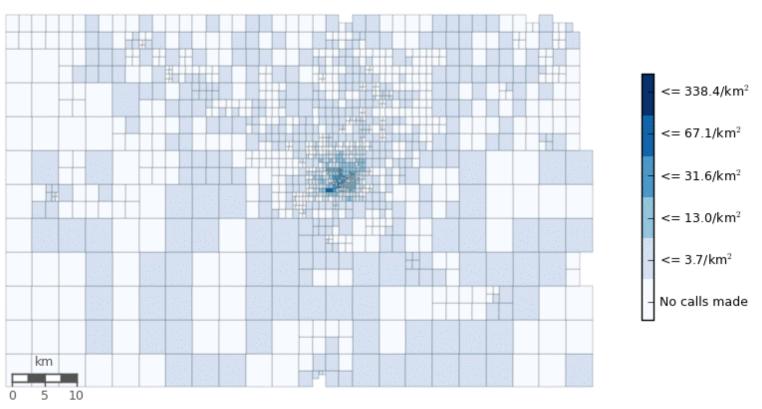
#### **Mobile Phones**

## Rational: Modelling population density and population flows, e.g. commuting statistics

- Conducted research into the potential uses for mobile phone data within official statistics
- Intelligence gathered through engagement with UK MNOs and public transport bodies

## Mobile phone data – population density

Call density on 17-04-2015 at 00:00, Milano

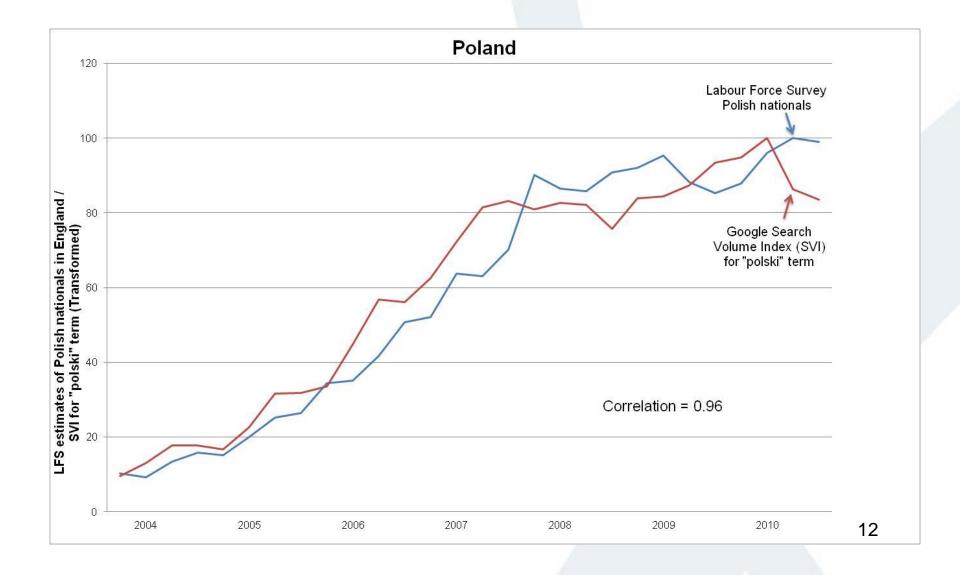


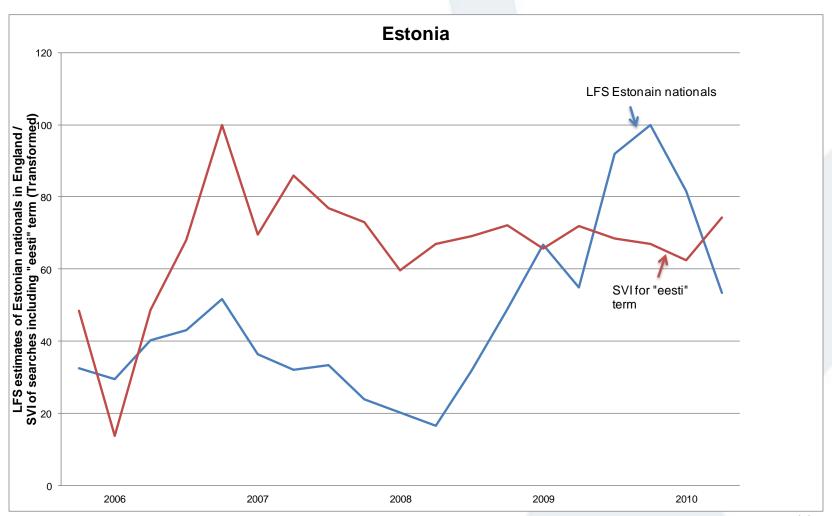
Source of the Dataset: TIM Big Data Challenge 2015, www.telecomitalia.com/bigdatachallenge

#### Google trends

### Rational: Use of Google trends to inform on international migration

- Focus on EU expansion in 2004 and 2007
- Comparisons between Google SVI series and Labour Force Survey estimates
- Use of search term in native language





#### **Benefits**

- Improve quality more timely, more frequent, more relevant
- Reduce respondent burden
- Create efficiencies
- Produce new or complimentary outputs
- Improve operational processes

#### Challenges

- Bias/coverage
- Definitions
- Understanding and measuring uncertainty
- Data access and control
- Ethical and privacy issues

#### Managing the challenges

- Understand and explore the data
- Develop methods, estimation frameworks and quality frameworks for integrating survey, Census, admin and big data sources
- Ensure fit for purpose experimental outputs, embrace new definitions, use for QA
- Legislation
- Establish ethical guidelines and independent advisory bodies, invest in public acceptability research
- Collaborative working NSOs, academia, commercial sector

#### **Contact**

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