Dealing with Open Data at ISTAT

First Steps Towards a Perfect Data Portal:

a Cutting-edge Approach for Dealing with Open Data

Giovanni A. Barbieri Stefano De Francisci Italian National Statistical Institute (Istat)



The Open Data Movement

- Our proposal is simple: [...] the federal government [...] is to provide data that is easy for others to reuse, rather than to help citizens use the data in one particular way or another
- Open infrastructures that enable citizens to make their own uses of the data
- Reverse the current policy, which is to regard government websites themselves as the primary vehicle for the distribution of public data, and open infrastructures for sharing the data as a laudable but secondary objective [Robinson, Yu, Zeller and Felten 2008]



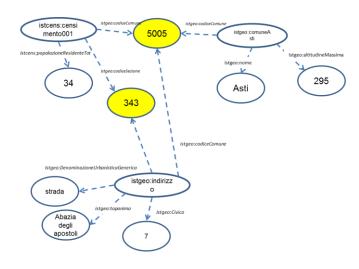
Crowdsourcing Government Transparency

- Government information that is nominally publicly available is in fact difficult to access either because it is not online or, if it is online, because it is not available in useful and flexible formats [Brito 2008]
- "Structured data"
 - Associated structured XML file would allow a user to sort the data by ascending or descending date, alphabetically by headline or author, by number of words, and in many other ways

Why is Linked Data an Opportunity?

Linked Data as a semantically rich paradigm for data representation

- Rich enough for the strict requirements of Official Statistics
- Formal and well-defined data structures, i.e. ontologies



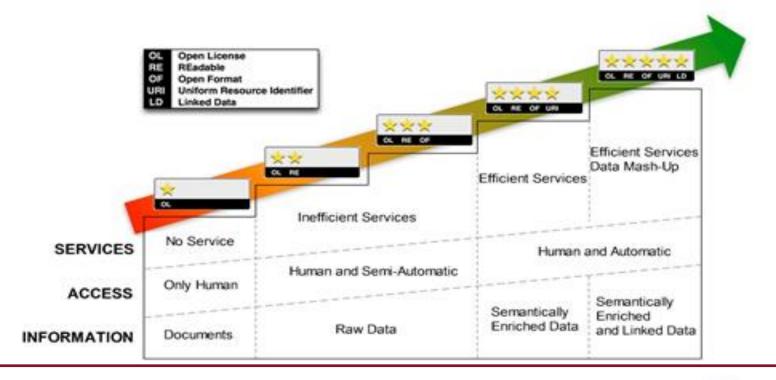
Linked Data as an international standard (W3C)

- Tools availability and independence
- Beyond statistical users
- RDF: Resource Description Framework (W3C) (subject-predicate-object)



The 5-Star Model

Data		
Open Data	*	Open License
Open Data	**	Readable
Open Data	***	Open Format
Linked Open Data	***	Uniform Resource Identifier
Linked Open Data	****	Linked Data





Italian Strategies: Digital Agenda and Open Data

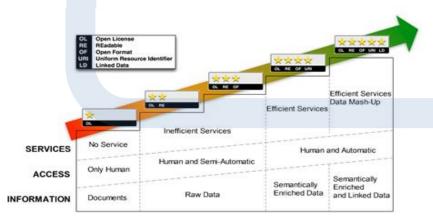




Publication and sharing of national public-sector information



National guidelines for the development of public-sector information

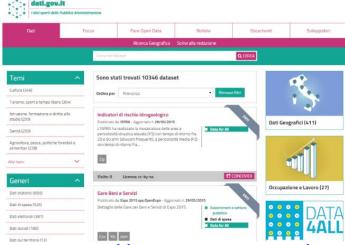


Linked data paradigm for enabling semantical interoperability within the public sector



The National Open Data Portal

National Open Data Portal



Published and maintained by AgID

More than 10,000 datasets

Provided by 76 public bodies

http://www.dati.gov.it/

Istat makes available through the AgID portal more than 700 different datasets





http://dati.istat.it

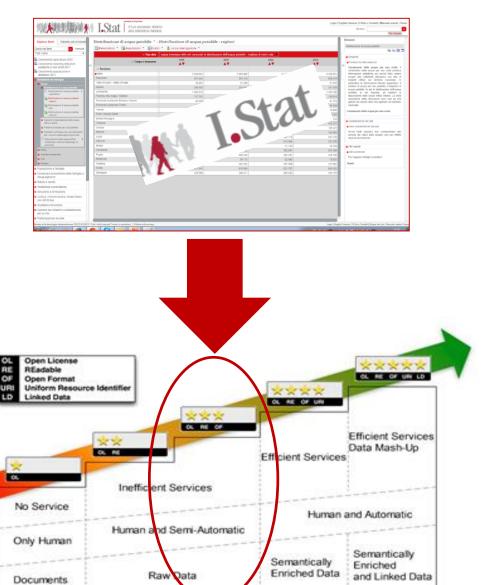


A First Step, but Not Enough

SERVICES

ACCESS

INFORMATION





Other Open Data Released by Istat

In addition to I.Stat, Istat currently publishes open data according to some main data models and formats

Excel

Metadata described in a dedicated sheet

CSV

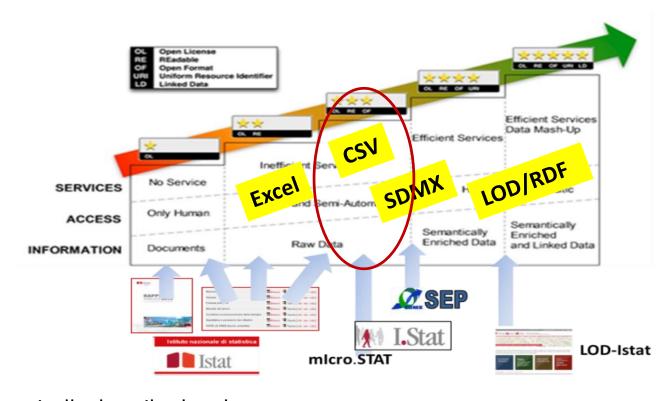
Mainly tabular, with a header that contains metadata

SDMX

Description of data and metadata according to shared standards

Linked Open Data/RDF

Data and metadata semantically described and linked to other (external) data





LOD Portal of Istat



The Linked Open Data (LOD) web site, allows to accesses and browse data in open format based on technology and Semantic Web standards. The LOD can be inquired directly from any application and responds to the need, expressed by the community of users, to have standardized and interoperable data.





Platform for

- Selecting
- Navigating
- Searching
- Querying
- Visualizing

Open Data

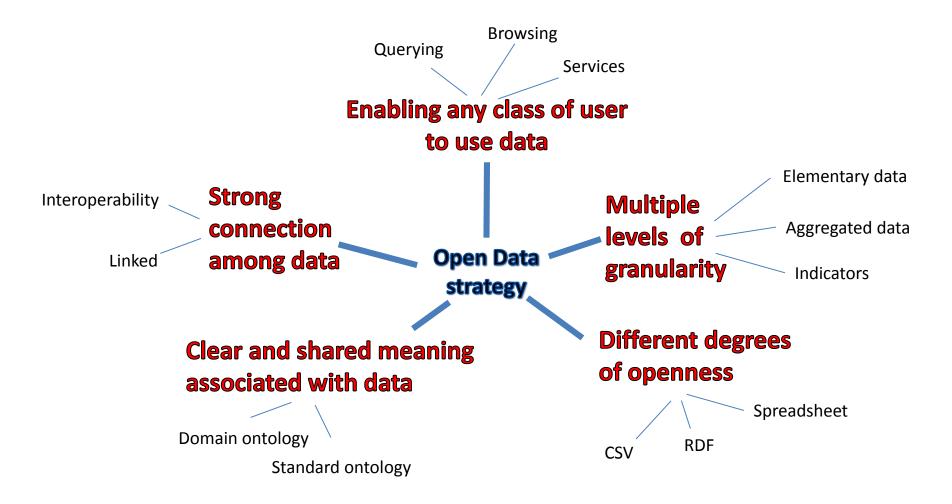
The platform allows

- Direct access to data via Web Services
- M2M solutions (e.g. GIS-LOD)
- Data conversion
- Export to productivity tools
- Visualization by means of external tools



A Cutting-Edge Approach

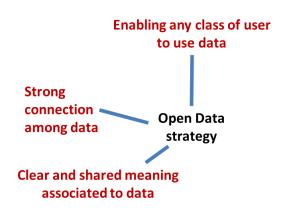
To increase the value of statistical data, some advanced features can be addressed through the LOD Portal



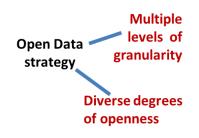


Steps to a «perfect» data portal

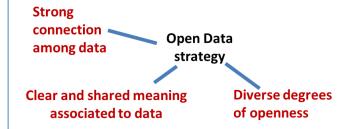
STEP 1 Give each class of users (human or not) the most appropriate way to use the data



STEP 2 Make data in open format, whatever the level of openness



Enrich the data with a semantic layer, regardless of the release on public web sites





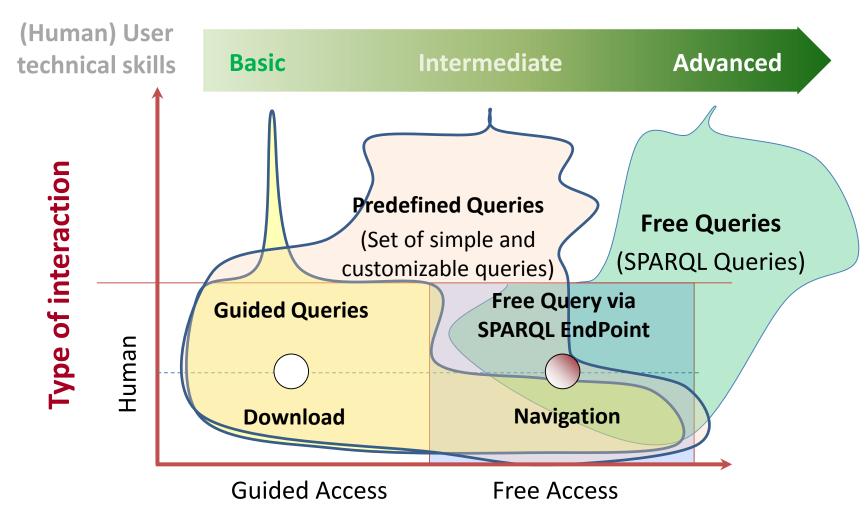
Interaction Modes

Give each class of users the most appropriate way to use the data STEP 1 **Query REST on Web Service SPARQL EndPoint** M_2M Type of interaction Free Query via **Guided Queries SPARQL EndPoint** Human **Navigation Download Guided Access** Free Access

Freedom of access



Interaction Modes

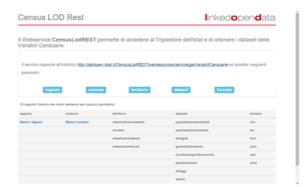


Freedom of access



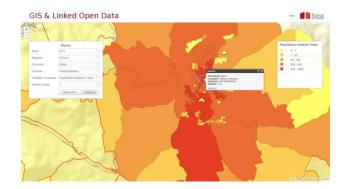
Possible uses of the portal

STEP 1 Give each class of users the most appropriate way to use the data



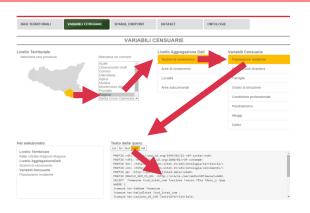
Interoperability

Machine-to-machine



Integration

Graphical User Interface



Human-Computer Interaction

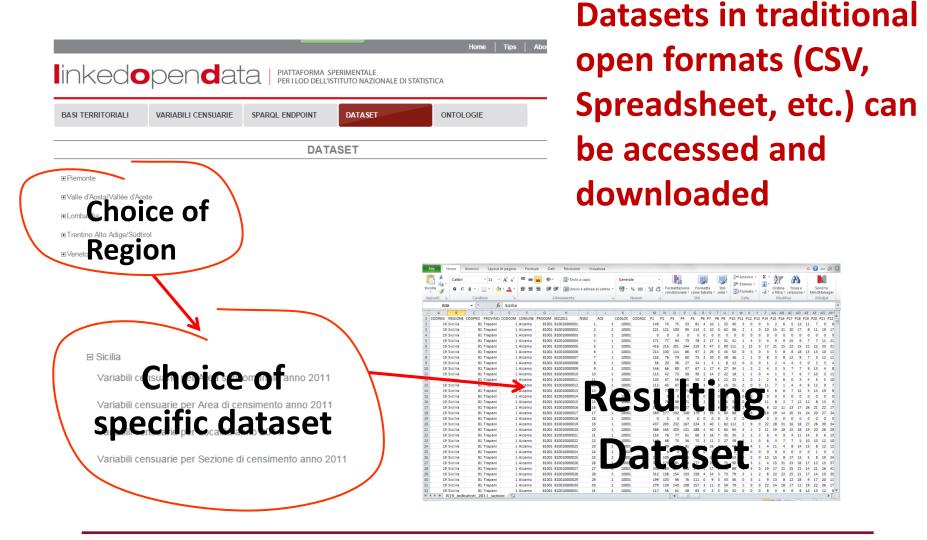
Interactive browsing





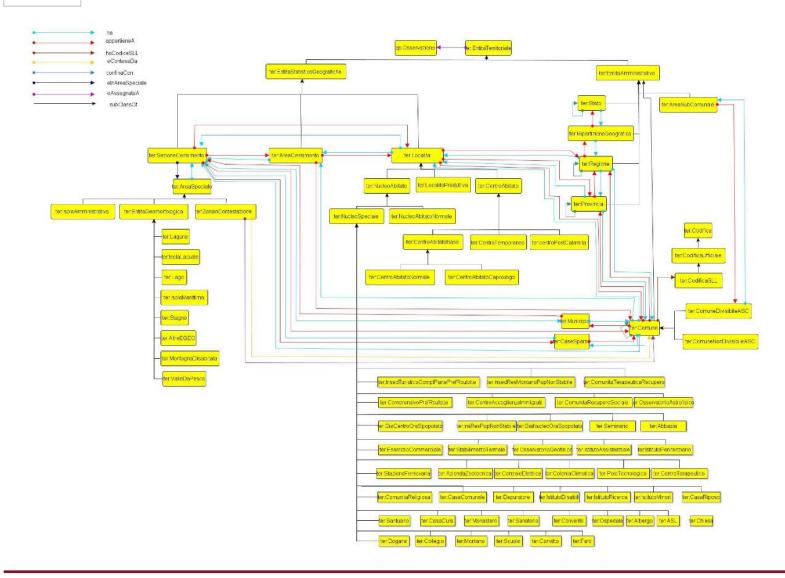
STEP 2

Make data in open format, whatever level of openness

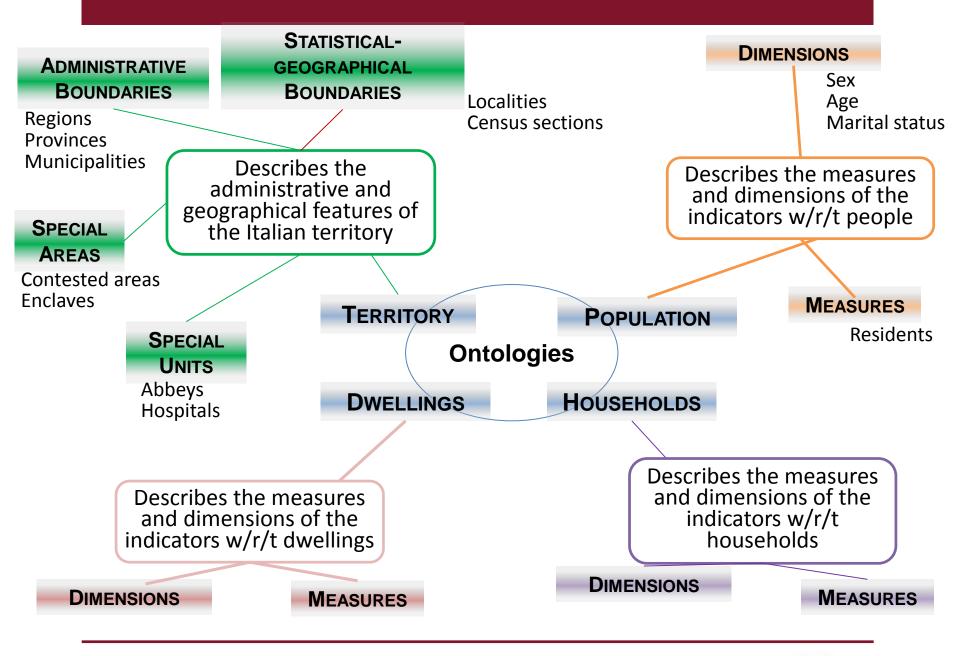




STEP 3 Enrich the data with a semantic layer









Census Data Ontology

- Use of RDF Data Cube Vocabulary that allows to publish multi-dimensional data
- Dimensions:
 - Sex
 - Age class
 - Citizenship
 - Territory (defined in the Territorial Ontology)
 - Construction Period
 - Number of floors
 - •
- Measures:
 - Number of residents
 - Foreigners and stateless resident in Italy
 - Number of Housing
 -

Dimensions: Sex Age Marital status

Dimensions: Construct period Intended use Number of floors

Measure Resident Population Measure Number of dwellings

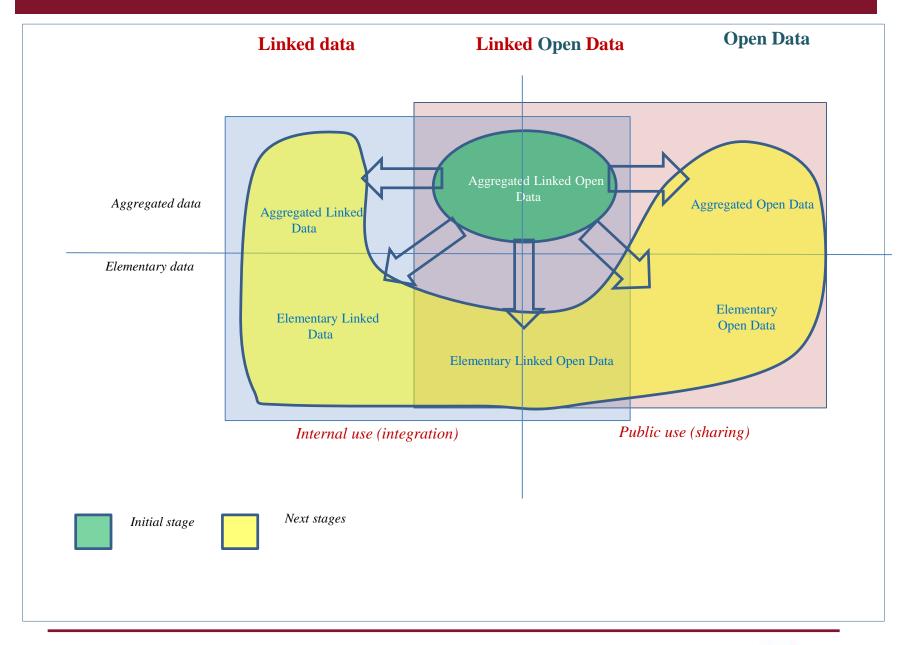


The future plans for the platform are targeted to the implementation of an integrated environment of data, including:

- Open data for public uses (also non-linked)
- Linked data for internal integrated uses (through the use of ad-hoc designed ontologies)

Elementary and aggregate Linked Open Data for internal and public use, available for human and machine users, related to the most part of statistics domain and possibly enriched by geographical representation







One More Thing

- Macroscale vs microscale modeling
 - Pseudo-Einstein (as simple as possible but not simpler)
 - Von Neumann (agent-based modeling)
- Techological constraint → enabling technology
- It widens the space of what is feasible:
 - In production: our experience with SBS.Frame
 - In analysis and research...
- A paradigm shift?
 - Statistical mechanics vs Agent-based modeling
 - Just because you can doesn't mean you should
- Back to open data
 - From dissemination to release ("data liberation" at StatCan)
 - The regulators have need to new rules in line with the new scenarios

