

Revolutionizing the Production of Official Statistics in Nigeria

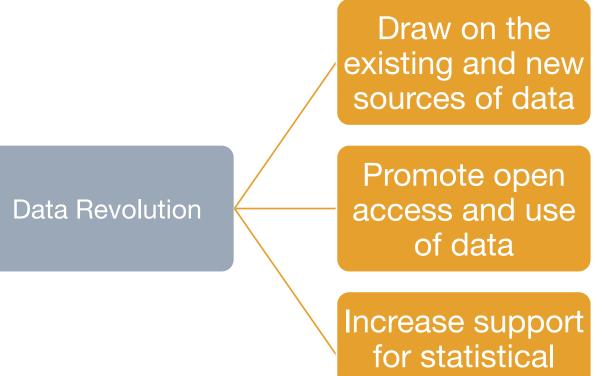
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Quote from the UN HLP Report

"A true data revolution would draw on existing and new sources of data to fully integrate statistics into decision making, promote open access to, and use of, data and ensure increased support for statistical systems." (HLP Report, P23)



systems



- **1. Evolution of Institutional Framework for Official Statistics in Nigeria**
- 2. Why Data Revolution?
- 3. Closing the Gap in Statistical Information with Data Revolution
- 4. Wrap up

Evolution of Institutional Framework for Official Statistics in Nigeria

Early Stage	Development Stage	Reorganisation and Consolidation	Implementation of the Statistical Master Plan	Implementation of the National Strategy for the Development of Statistics	Implementing Data Revolution
1928 - 1957 Period of colonial administration	1957 – 1988 First legislative framework to conduct statistical activities was passed into law in 1958 with Statistics Act of 1957 The Nigerian Statistical Office in the Ministry of Finance became Federal Office of Statistics (FOS)	1988 -2007 Creation of Planning Research and Statistics Department in all Ministries through CSRD 43 of 1988 Establishment of National Data Bank (NDB) Launching of the Statistical Master Plan (SMP)	2007 – 2009 Statistics Act 2007 was passed by the National Assembly Establishment of National Bureau of Statistics	2010 -2014 Marrakech Action Plan for Statistics (MAPS) declaration by African Heads of Governments in February 2004	?????????? 2????????? UN called for Data Revolution for Sustainable Development



Goals: 17 Targets: 169 Indicators: 247 Reporting Framework: Yes

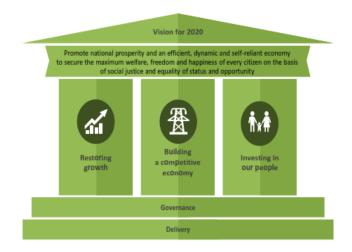


Aspirations: 7 Goals: 16 Targets: 102



Strategic pillars: 6 Strategic goals: 6 Objectives: 25

ECONOMIC RECOVERY & GROWTH PLAN 2017-2020



The Economic Recovery and Growth Plan (**ERGP**) is a medium term all-round developmental initiative focused on

- restoring growth,
- investing in people, and
- building a globally competitive economy.

Goals: 3 Targets: ? Indicators: ? Reporting Framework: ? Medium-term National Development Plans (MTNDP) 2021-2025, will be launched in December 2020



Exponential increase in the demand for data for monitoring &

- Iscoperling
- Quantity
- Quality
- Timeliness
- Level of disaggregation
 - income
 - sex
 - race
 - ethnicity
 - migratory status
 - disability
 - geographic location

Growing List of Data Users

- Policy and decision makers in government ministries and institutions, and quasigovernmental bodies
- Politicians (e.g. Members of Senate and House of Assemblies)
- Authorities in States and Local Governments
- Researchers and academicians
- NGOs
- Private sector Organizations
- The donor community
- International organizations
- The media
- The general public

Populatio n Census

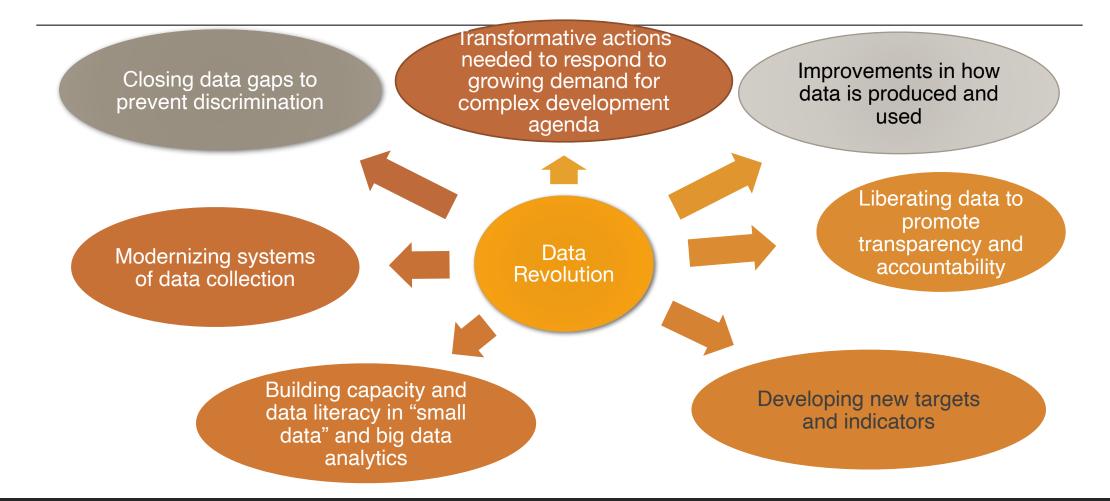
- Undertaken in 2006, 14 years ago
- The true size and density of the population are unknown
- The structure and dynamics of the population are unknown

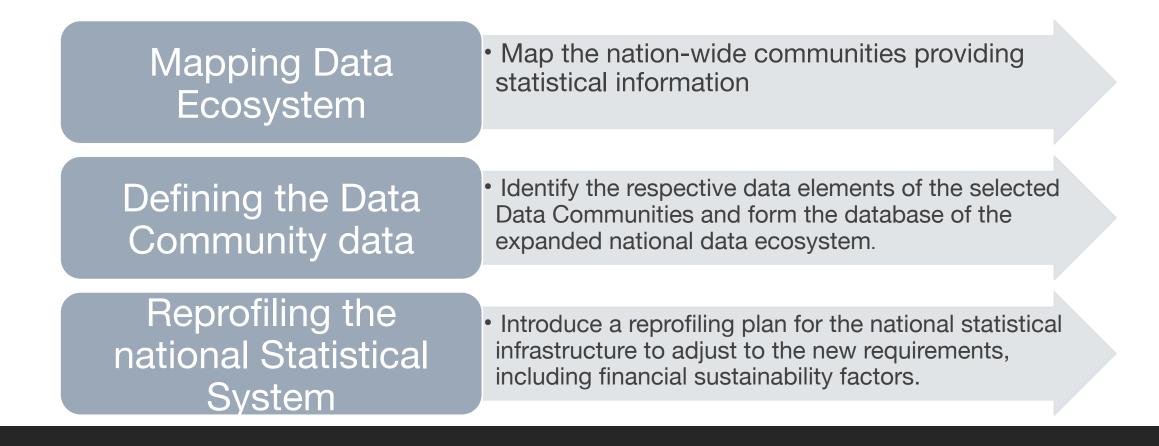
Civil Registratio n and Vital Statistics Shortage of summarized and disaggregated data on births, deaths, marriages, divorces, etc

NGOs, CBOs, researchers, academicians , donors, and international organisations

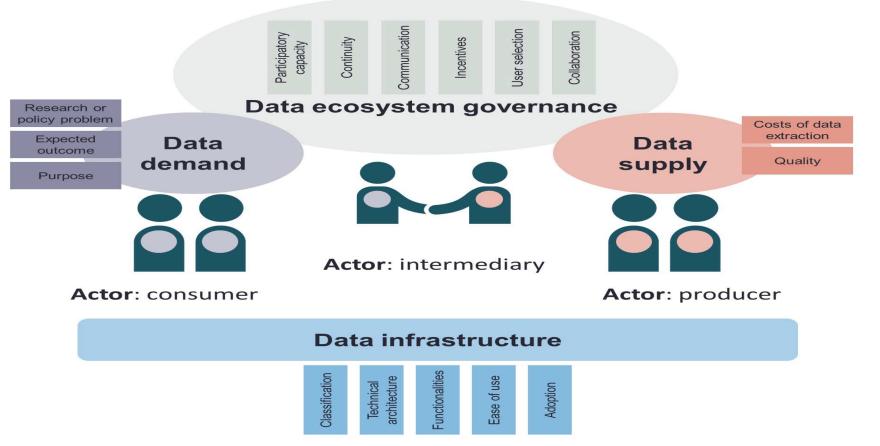
For planning, monitoring, evaluating impact of interventions on:

- √ rural poor
- ✓ vulnerable groups (women, disabled, children, IDPs etc.)
- ✓ humanitarian issues
- \checkmark civil rights violations
- \checkmark youth unemployment
- ✓ elections and election participation
- \checkmark corruption





An Integrated Framework to characterize data ecosystems



Source: Van den Homberg, M., & Susha, I. (2018). Characterizing data ecosystems to support official statistics with open mapping data for reporting on sustainable development goals. *ISPRS International Journal of Geo-Information*, 7(12), 456.

Eliminate unnecessary and wasteful duplication or overlapping roles among data producing agencies

Strengthen the governance and coordination of data ecosystem: among data producers; between users and producers; between producers and suppliers; between producers and research and training institutions

Data Production should be driven by national needs not donors only

Strengthen Data Production Activities at Local Government Level

Increase funding support for statistical activities and data production

Wrap Up

Development Agendas:

Global, Continental, Regional, National and State

DExponential increase in demand for data due to development agendas:

scope, quantity, quality, timeliness and disaggregation

- Solution:
 - Data Revolution
 - Cannot be "Business as Usual"
 - We must shape up, scale up and act smarter
 - We must change our mind-sets, relations with stakeholders, assumptions, business models, data production systems, how we communicate statistics, etc.
 - We must be more creative, innovative & professional

